CITY OF BURNABY BYLAW NO. 14423

A BYLAW to adopt the 2022 to 2026 Financial Plan

WHEREAS before the annual property tax bylaw is adopted in each year the Council shall cause to be prepared and adopted by bylaw a financial plan for a period of five years, showing estimates of the proposed source and application of funds for operating and capital purposes for each year of the program;

NOW THEREFORE the Council of the City of Burnaby ENACTS as follows:

- 1. This Bylaw may be cited as BURNABY FINANCIAL PLAN BYLAW 2022.
- 2. The Council does hereby adopt and confirm the Financial Plan set out in Schedules "A" and "B" annexed hereto as the financial plan for the City for the period 2022 to 2026 inclusive.

Read a first time this 24th day of January, 2022
Read a second time this 24th day of January, 2022
Read a third time this 24th day of January, 2022
Reconsidered and adopted by Council this 31st day of January, 2022

MAYOR

CLERK

SCHEDULE A

CITY OF BURNABY

FIVE YEAR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL PLAN (2022 - 2026)

PROPOSED REVENUES, PROPOSED EXPENDITURES AND PROPOSED TRANSFERS:

	2022 Plan (\$)	2023 Plan (\$)	2024 Plan (\$)	2025 Plan (\$)	2026 Plan (\$
PROPOSED REVENUES:	(4)	(4)	1 1211 (\$7)	- Ιαπ (Φ)	rian (\$
Taxation Revenue	(314,803,900)	(330,039,200)	(345,883,900)	(362,362,400)	(379,500,000)
Parcel Taxes	(19,011,800)	(19,962,400)	(21,559,300)	(24,146,500)	(27,044,100)
Sale of Goods & Services	(129,960,600)	(138,067,500)	(144,626,600)	(154,254,800)	(164,664,700)
Investment Income	(50,822,800)	(50,712,000)	(50,570,500)	(50,534,200)	(50,385,100)
Other Revenue	(57,376,000)	(57,093,800)	(58,645,700)	(60,028,900)	(62,135,200)
Community Benefit Bonus	(120,000,000)	(120,000,000)	(120,000,000)	(120,000,000)	(120,000,000)
Contributed Asset Revenue	(7,000,000)	(7,000,000)	(7,000,000)	(7,000,000)	(7,000,000)
Transfers from Other Governments	(31,081,100)	(27,134,500)	(25,028,000)	(22,781,000)	(33,158,500)
Transfers from Restricted Funds & Development Cost Charges	(4,500,000)	(4,500,000)	(4,500,000)	(4,500,000)	(4,500,000)
Total Proposed Revenues	(734,556,200)	(754,509,400)	(777,814,000)	(805,607,800)	(848,387,600)
PROPOSED EXPENDITURES: Operating Expenditures	558,995,700	568,310,100	598,472,100	633,451,600	673,983,600
	558,995,700 293,162,400	568,310,100 383,447,900	598,472,100 351,133,900	633,451,600 367,137,200	673,983,600 323,251,500
Operating Expenditures					
Operating Expenditures Capital Expenditures	293,162,400	383,447,900	351,133,900	367,137,200	323,251,500
Operating Expenditures Capital Expenditures Total Proposed Expenditures	293,162,400	383,447,900	351,133,900	367,137,200	323,251,500
Operating Expenditures Capital Expenditures Total Proposed Expenditures PROPOSED TRANSFERS:	293,162,400 852,158,100	383,447,900 951,758,000	351,133,900 949,606,000	367,137,200 1,000,588,800	323,251,500 997,235,100 (47,156,100)
Operating Expenditures Capital Expenditures Total Proposed Expenditures PROPOSED TRANSFERS: Transfer to/(from) Capital Works Financing Reserve Fund	293,162,400 852,158,100 (73,745,300)	383,447,900 951,758,000 (107,911,200)	351,133,900 949,606,000 (88,434,400)	367,137,200 1,000,588,800 (80,479,700)	323,251,500 997,235,100 (47,156,100)
Operating Expenditures Capital Expenditures Total Proposed Expenditures PROPOSED TRANSFERS: Transfer to/(from) Capital Works Financing Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Development Cost Charges Reserve Fund	293,162,400 852,158,100 (73,745,300) (4,180,000)	383,447,900 951,758,000 (107,911,200) (9,130,000)	351,133,900 949,606,000 (88,434,400) (5,290,000)	367,137,200 1,000,588,800 (80,479,700) (4,720,000)	323,251,500 997,235,100 (47,156,100) (4,570,000) 991,300
Operating Expenditures Capital Expenditures Total Proposed Expenditures PROPOSED TRANSFERS: Transfer to/(from) Capital Works Financing Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Development Cost Charges Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Local Improvement Reserve Fund	293,162,400 852,158,100 (73,745,300) (4,180,000) 936,000	383,447,900 951,758,000 (107,911,200) (9,130,000) 1,019,700	351,133,900 949,606,000 (88,434,400) (5,290,000) 1,009,100	367,137,200 1,000,588,800 (80,479,700) (4,720,000) 101,400	323,251,500 997,235,100 (47,156,100) (4,570,000)
Operating Expenditures Capital Expenditures Total Proposed Expenditures PROPOSED TRANSFERS: Transfer to/(from) Capital Works Financing Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Development Cost Charges Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Local Improvement Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Corporate & Tax Sale Reserve Fund	293,162,400 852,158,100 (73,745,300) (4,180,000) 936,000 5,166,000	383,447,900 951,758,000 (107,911,200) (9,130,000) 1,019,700 4,037,700	351,133,900 949,606,000 (88,434,400) (5,290,000) 1,009,100 2,257,300	367,137,200 1,000,588,800 (80,479,700) (4,720,000) 101,400 2,464,600	323,251,500 997,235,100 (47,156,100) (4,570,000) 991,300 (2,117,900)
Operating Expenditures Capital Expenditures Total Proposed Expenditures PROPOSED TRANSFERS: Transfer to/(from) Capital Works Financing Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Development Cost Charges Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Local Improvement Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Corporate & Tax Sale Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Equipment & Vehicle Replacement Reserve Fund	293,162,400 852,158,100 (73,745,300) (4,180,000) 936,000 5,166,000 (5,626,200)	383,447,900 951,758,000 (107,911,200) (9,130,000) 1,019,700 4,037,700 (2,424,700)	351,133,900 949,606,000 (88,434,400) (5,290,000) 1,009,100 2,257,300 (9,436,100)	367,137,200 1,000,588,800 (80,479,700) (4,720,000) 101,400 2,464,600 (8,610,700)	323,251,500 997,235,100 (47,156,100) (4,570,000) 991,300 (2,117,900) (6,429,500) 1,213,000
Operating Expenditures Capital Expenditures Total Proposed Expenditures PROPOSED TRANSFERS: Transfer to/(from) Capital Works Financing Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Development Cost Charges Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Local Improvement Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Corporate & Tax Sale Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Equipment & Vehicle Replacement Reserve Fund Transfer to/(from) Housing Capital Reserve Fund	293,162,400 852,158,100 (73,745,300) (4,180,000) 936,000 5,166,000 (5,626,200) 933,000	383,447,900 951,758,000 (107,911,200) (9,130,000) 1,019,700 4,037,700 (2,424,700) 985,500	351,133,900 949,606,000 (88,434,400) (5,290,000) 1,009,100 2,257,300 (9,436,100) 1,084,600	367,137,200 1,000,588,800 (80,479,700) (4,720,000) 101,400 2,464,600 (8,610,700) 1,135,200	323,251,500 997,235,100 (47,156,100) (4,570,000) 991,300 (2,117,900) (6,429,500)

¹ Taxation revenue is comprised of property taxes (\$305.9M), grant in lieu of taxes (\$6.4M), utilities taxes(\$3.1M) and local improvement frontage levies (\$0.6M) and assessment appeal \$1.2M.

SCHEDULE B

CITY OF BURNABY

FIVE YEAR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL PLAN (2022 - 2026)

STATEMENT OF POLICIES AND OBJECTIVES:

In accordance with the *Community Charter* disclosure requirements, the City of Burnaby discloses the following information.

- the proportions of revenue proposed to come from the various funding sources
- the distribution of property taxes among property classes; and
- the use of permissive tax exemptions.

Proportion of Total Revenue

Funding Source	% of Total Revenue
Taxation Revenue	42.9%
Sales of Goods and Services	17.7%
Community Benefit Bonus	16.3%
Other Revenue	7.8%
Investment Income	6.9%
Transfer from Other Governments	4.2%
Parcel Taxes	2.6%
Contributed Asset Revenue	1.0%
Transfers from Restricted Funds and Development Cost Charges	0.6%
Total	100%

The proportion of total revenue raised from each funding source in 2022 is presented in the table above. Property taxes form the greatest proportion of the operating revenue for the City of Burnaby. Property taxes provide a stable and consistent source of revenue for many services that are difficult or undesirable to fund on a user-pay basis. These include services such as fire protection, policing services, transportation and so forth. For these reasons, property taxation will continue to be the major source of the City of Burnaby's revenue.

Sales of goods and services are the second largest portion of general operating revenue. Many City of Burnaby services, such as metered water, metered sewer, and recreational

programs are charged on a use-pay basis which ensures they are paid for by the taxpayers receiving these services.

Distribution of 2022 Municipal Property Taxes among the Various Property Classes

Property Class	% of Tax Burden
Residential (1)	51.2%
Business (6)	38.1%
Light Industry (5)	5.7%
Others (2, 3, 4, 8 & 9)	5.0%
Total	100%

The distribution of property tax revenue among the various property classes is presented in the table above. The practice of Council has been to set tax rates in order to maintain reasonable tax stability in compliance with the Community Charter. This is accomplished by maintaining the proportionate relationship provided above between the property classes (property classes are defined and values determined by the British Columbia Assessment).

The above distribution of property taxes is based on the preview assessment roll received from BC Assessment.

Permissive Tax Exemptions

Council passes an annual permissive tax exemption bylaw to exempt certain properties from property tax in accordance with guidelines set out by Council Approved Guidelines and sections 220 and 224 of the Community Charter. There is no legal obligation to grant these exemptions. The objective of the Guidelines is to ensure that the broad ranges of community organizations in Burnaby are dealt with equally and consistently with regards to municipal policies, plans, bylaws, codes and regulations; defined as non-profit organizations; are complementary extensions to municipal services and programs; accessible to the public; and, used primarily by Burnaby residents.